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## GENERAL CATALOG

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## About Us

Our facility, with a total area of 2000 m<sup>2</sup>, including 1000 m<sup>2</sup> of indoor space, is committed to providing our customers with the best possible service in terms of quality, production, and supply, as quickly as possible.

As a result of our long-term efforts, our company has been awarded the ISO 9001:2000 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS certificate since 2008. We are constantly renewing and developing ourselves to provide our customers with better and higher quality services.





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## Our Vision

The values we share are honesty, loyalty, pride, ambition, determination, imagination, creativity, realism, adaptability, team spirit, and perfectionism. Our management style is to demonstrate leadership qualities, organize and supervise work, value education, communicate effectively, and be open to change and innovation while advancing towards our goals.

## Our Mission

Our goal is to remain a company that is always a pioneer and the best in every area we serve, preferred by consumers, sensitive to its environment, respectful of rules, creative and innovative in its thinking, reflecting the latest technology in its products, trusted, and always held up as a reference.





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# Our Certificates

## Our ISO Certificates



## Our CE Certificates





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# Our Certificates

## TSE EN-12573 Certificates



Markanın Tanımı Description of the Mark  
TSE veya TSE veya TSE

<b>BELGE NUMARASI</b> REFERENCE NUMBER OF LICENCE	0373385-TSE-01/01
<b>BELGENİN İLK VERİLİŞ TARİHİ</b> DATE OF FIRST ISSUE OF LICENCE	23.11.2023
<b>BELGENİN SON GEÇERLİLİK TARİHİ</b> LICENCE VALID UNTIL	23.11.2026
<b>BELGE SAHİBİ KURULUŞUN ADI</b> NAME OF THE LICENCE HOLDER	TEKİN UYGUR-TEKNIK PLASTİK
<b>BELGE SAHİBİ KURULUŞUN ADRESİ</b> ADDRESS OF THE LICENCE HOLDER	KARADENİZLİLER MAH. ŞENKAYA SOK. NO:5/- BAŞİSKELE KOCAELİ/TÜRKİYE
<b>ÜRETİM YERİ ADI</b> NAME OF THE MANUFACTURING PLACE	TEKİN UYGUR-TEKNIK PLASTİK
<b>ÜRETİM YERİ ADRESİ</b> ADDRESS OF THE MANUFACTURING PLACE	KARADENİZLİLER MAH. ŞENKAYA SOK. NO:5/- BAŞİSKELE KOCAELİ / TÜRKİYE
<b>İPTAL EDİLEN BELGE NUMARASI (Varsa)</b> INDICATION OF SUPERSEDED LICENCE (if any)	002545-TSE-02/02
<b>TESCİLLİ TİCARİ MARKASI</b> REGISTERED TRADE MARK	tekin uygur teknik plastik
<b>İLGİLİ TÜRK STANDARDI</b> RELATED TURKISH STANDARD	TS EN 12573-1 / 16.04.2004
<b>BELGE KAPSAMI</b> SCOPE OF LICENCE	TANKLAR-TERMOPLASTİKTEN - POLİETİLEN (PE)- POLİPROPİLEN (PP) MALZEMEDEN; ANMA KAPASİTESİ: 0,45 m <sup>3</sup> (450 LİTRE) DAHİL'DEN - 100 m <sup>3</sup> (100 000 LİTRE) DAHİL'E KADAR, SABİT, KAYNAKLI, BASINÇSIZ TANKLAR

e-İmzalı/e-signed

31.10.2025

Belgelendirme Merkezi Başkanı Adına  
SELİN KAYAOĞLU

SAKARYA BELGELENDİRME MÜDÜRÜ V.

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# Cylindrical Storage Tanks





## Cylindrical Storage Tanks

Thermoplastic tank manufacturing is the production process of tanks used for various purposes such as chemical storage, liquid transport, or process tanks for various industrial applications. Thermoplastic materials are commonly used in the construction of such tanks because they have high chemical resistance. Here is the general thermoplastic tank manufacturing process:

- **Material Selection:** An appropriate thermoplastic material is selected based on the type and properties of the liquids to be stored. Materials such as HDPE, PP, PVC, and PVDF are commonly used.
- **Design:** The tank's dimensions, shape, capacity, and other design features are determined. At this stage, storage requirements, chemical compatibility, temperature tolerance, and safety factors are taken into consideration.
- **Technical Drawings:** The design is converted into technical drawings by engineers. Drawings are important for the manufacturing process to be implemented correctly.
- **Material Preparation:** Selected thermoplastic materials are cut or shaped to the correct dimensions. The material is processed using specialized equipment and tools.
- **Welding and Joining:** Parts of materials are joined together by welding or other joining methods. Thermoplastic materials are usually joined by welding.
- **Tank Assembly:** The tank components are assembled and put together. Additional parts, connection points, and inlet/outlet valves are added.
- **Tests:** Tests are conducted on the manufactured tank for leak-tightness, durability, and performance. This stage is crucial to ensure the tank is safe and functional.
- **Coating and Coating Processes:** The tank surface can be coated or protective coatings can be applied upon request. This can increase longevity and provide protection against external factors.
- **Final Inspection and Quality Control:** The manufactured tank is inspected one last time and quality control procedures are applied. It is ensured that the tank complies with design and manufacturing standards.
- **Delivery and Installation:** The manufactured tank is delivered to the customer and the installation process is carried out. Proper assembly and installation of the tank is important to ensure safe and efficient use.



## Cylindrical Storage Tanks

The manufacture of cylindrical thermoplastic tanks is achieved through the application of correct engineering principles, the selection of high-quality materials, and the use of appropriate production methods.





## Polypropylene Chemical Storage Tanks

PP, or Polypropylene, is a thermoplastic polymer material. PP is a durable, lightweight, and chemically resistant material widely used in the production of plastic products. The properties of polypropylene are as follows:

1. **Durability:** Polypropylene is a material with high impact resistance and crack resistance. For this reason, it is preferred for manufacturing durable and long-lasting products.
2. **Chemical Resistance:** PP is resistant to various chemicals. This property allows it to be used in applications such as chemical storage tanks, chemical processing equipment, and laboratory equipment.
3. **High Temperature Resistance:** PP is resistant to high temperatures and is therefore used in applications requiring high temperatures, such as hot water systems and automotive parts.
4. **Lightweight:** Polypropylene is a low-density material, making it the preferred choice for manufacturing lightweight products.
5. **Flexibility:** PP remains flexible even at low temperatures, a feature that increases its resistance to freezing.
6. **High Dielectric Properties:** Polypropylene can be used in applications requiring electrical insulation.
7. **Ease of Processing:** PP can be shaped using various processing methods such as extrusion and injection molding.
8. **Recyclability:** PP is a recyclable material and is used in various recycling applications.

Due to these properties, polypropylene has a wide range of applications:

- Chemical Storage Tanks, Galvanizing Baths, etc.
- Automotive industry
- Consumer products
- Medical products (e.g., medical devices, sterilization containers)
- Electrical and electronics industry (e.g., sockets, connectors)

The use of polypropylene may vary depending on application requirements and design needs. Selecting the right type of PP and processing method for a specific application is important.



## Polypropylene Chemical Storage Tanks

Polypropylene (PP) is a material also used in the production of chemical storage tanks. The properties of PP can make it suitable for chemical storage. However, there are some factors that must be considered during the design and production stages:

### Advantages of PP Chemical Storage Tanks:

- **Chemical Resistance:** PP is resistant to many chemicals, making it suitable for the safe storage of various chemical substances.
- **Corrosion Resistance:** PP is resistant to corrosion, which reduces damage to the tank's inner surface caused by chemical substances.
- **High Temperature Resistance:** Polypropylene can withstand high temperatures. This is useful for chemicals that require high-temperature storage.
- **Flexibility:** PP can remain flexible even at low temperatures, which increases its resistance to external factors.
- **Ease of Processing:** PP can be shaped using processes such as casting, injection molding, and welding, enabling the creation of various tank designs.

### Considerations for the Design of PP Chemical Storage Tanks:

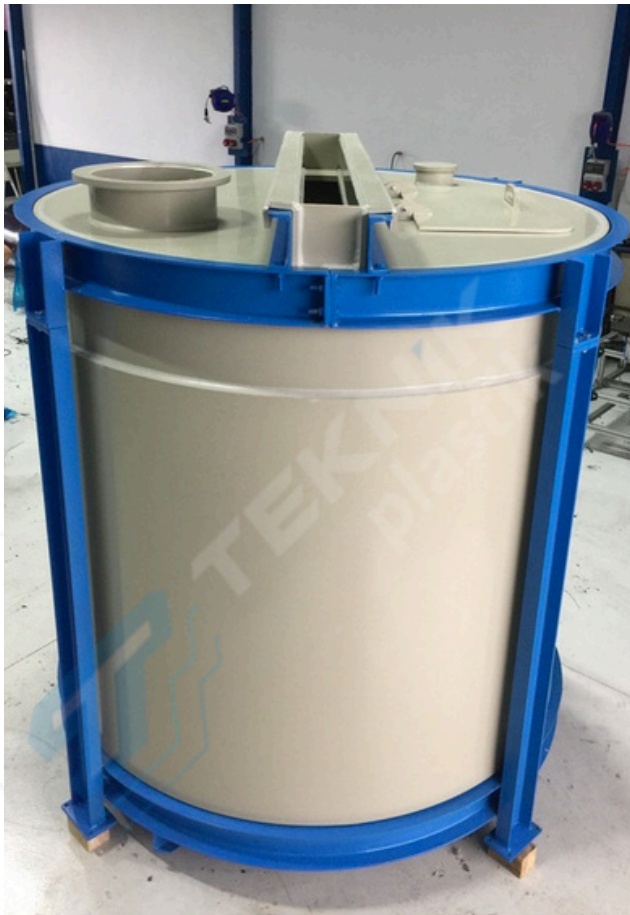
- **Chemical Compatibility:** It is important to select the appropriate type of PP based on the properties of the chemical to be stored.
- **Design Standards:** Tank design must comply with national and international standards. This is critical to ensure safe storage.
- **Capacity and Dimensions:** The storage capacity and dimensions of the tank must be determined based on the amount of chemical to be stored and the intended use.
- **Safety Measures:** Safety equipment (valves, safety valves, etc.) for the tank should be considered based on the properties of the stored chemical.
- **Support and Foundation:** An appropriate support structure and foundation must be created under the tank.
- **Assembly and Installation:** The tank must be assembled and installed by experts. Sealing systems must be used to prevent leaks and spills.
- **Maintenance and Monitoring:** Regular maintenance and monitoring of the tank ensures early detection of problems.
- **Local Regulations:** Compliance with regional or local chemical storage regulations must be ensured.

The design and manufacture of polypropylene chemical storage tanks must be carried out with safety and environmental factors in mind.



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## Polypropylene Chemical Storage Tanks





## Forehead Source Merging Method

Butt welding is a process performed by pressing the two ends of the plates to be welded together under pressure at a certain temperature using a butt welding machine. With the butt welding method, thermoplastic tanks can be safely welded into a cylindrical shape.





## HDPE Chemical Storage Tanks

HDPE (High-Density Polyethylene) is a material frequently used in the production of chemical storage tanks. The design and manufacture of chemical storage tanks must be carefully carried out, taking into account safety and environmental factors. Here are the advantages of HDPE for chemical storage tanks and some points to consider:

### **Advantages of HDPE for Chemical Storage Tanks:**

**Chemical Resistance:** HDPE is resistant to many chemicals, making it a suitable material for chemical storage.

**Corrosion Resistance:** HDPE is resistant to corrosion. This reduces the likelihood of chemicals stored inside the tank damaging the tank's inner surface.

**Low Weight:** HDPE is a lightweight material, which facilitates the tank's transportation, installation, and placement.

**Weldability:** HDPE can be joined using welding methods, enabling the creation of customized tank designs.

**Flexibility:** HDPE can remain flexible even at low temperatures. This increases the tank's ability to withstand external factors.

**Easy Manufacturing:** HDPE can be shaped using processes such as injection molding or casting, which means that different tank sizes and shapes can be produced.

### **Considerations for the Design of HDPE Chemical Storage Tanks:**

**Chemical Compatibility:** It is important to select the appropriate type of HDPE based on the type and properties of the chemical to be stored.

**Design Standards:** Tank design must comply with local and international standards. This is important to ensure safe storage.

**Capacity and Dimensions:** The storage capacity and dimensions of the tank must be determined based on the amount of chemical to be stored and the intended use.

**Safety Measures:** Safety measures such as safety valves and pressure relief systems must be taken for the tank according to the properties of the stored chemical.

**Support and Foundation:** An appropriate support structure and foundation must be created under the tank.

**Assembly and Installation:** The tank must be assembled and installed by experts. In addition, appropriate sealing systems must be used to prevent chemical spills and leaks.

**Maintenance and Monitoring:** Regular maintenance and monitoring of the tank ensures early detection of potential problems such as leaks or corrosion.



## HDPE Chemical Storage Tanks

HDPE, or High-Density Polyethylene, is a thermoplastic polymer material. HDPE is a durable, lightweight, and chemically resistant material widely used in the production of plastic products. The properties of HDPE include the following:

**High Density:** HDPE is denser than other types of polyethylene, providing greater strength and rigidity.

**Chemical Resistance:** HDPE is resistant to various chemicals. For this reason, it is frequently used in chemical storage tanks, pipelines, and industrial equipment.

**Low Absorption:** HDPE does not absorb water or other liquids, meaning the material is water-resistant.

**Impact Resistance:** HDPE is resistant to impacts and cracks, making it suitable for various applications.

**Flexibility:** HDPE can remain flexible even at low temperatures, increasing its usability in cold conditions.

**Ease of Processing:** HDPE can be shaped using various processing methods such as extrusion, casting, and injection molding.

**Environmentally Friendly:** HDPE is a recyclable material and is used in various recycling applications.

### **Due to these properties, HDPE has a wide range of applications:**

- Water and gas pipes
- Chemical storage tanks
- Coating materials
- Containers and packaging
- Agricultural and horticultural applications
- Marine pollution barriers

The use of HDPE may vary depending on application requirements and design needs. It is important to select and process HDPE correctly for any specific application.



## HDPE Chemical Storage Tanks





## Mixing Tanks Reactors

Thermoplastic mixer tanks are specialized equipment designed to store and mix liquids or mixtures used in chemical, industrial, or process applications. These tanks are manufactured from thermoplastic materials and typically feature a mixer to stir or homogenize the liquids inside them. Here are some key features of thermoplastic mixer tanks:

**Material Selection:** Among the thermoplastic materials frequently used in the manufacture of thermoplastic mixer tanks are polypropylene (PP), polyethylene (PE), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), and polypropylene ethylene (PPE). Material selection is based on the properties of the liquid stored in the tank and chemical resistance.

**Mixer:** Mixer tanks have a mixer to homogenize the liquid inside or facilitate a specific reaction. Mixers can be of different types and are selected based on the properties of the liquid and the application requirements. Common mixer types include agitators, propellers, and mixing jets.

**Design:** The design of thermoplastic mixer tanks is based on the properties of the stored liquid, the dimensions of the tank, and the application requirements. This design must ensure the tank's leak-tightness, the mixing of the liquid, and temperature control when necessary.

**Connections:** Tanks may have inlet and outlet connections. These connections enable the filling and emptying of the tank with liquid and meet other process requirements.

**Safety Features:** Thermoplastic mixer tanks can be equipped with safety measures. These measures may include pressure control, leak detection, and overheating prevention.

**Installation and Assembly:** Mixing tanks are installed as required by the application and integrated with process equipment.

Thermoplastic mixer tanks are used in chemical production, water treatment, the food and beverage industry, petrochemicals, the pharmaceutical industry, and many other applications. These tanks play an important role in many industrial processes where liquids need to be mixed, stored, and processed.

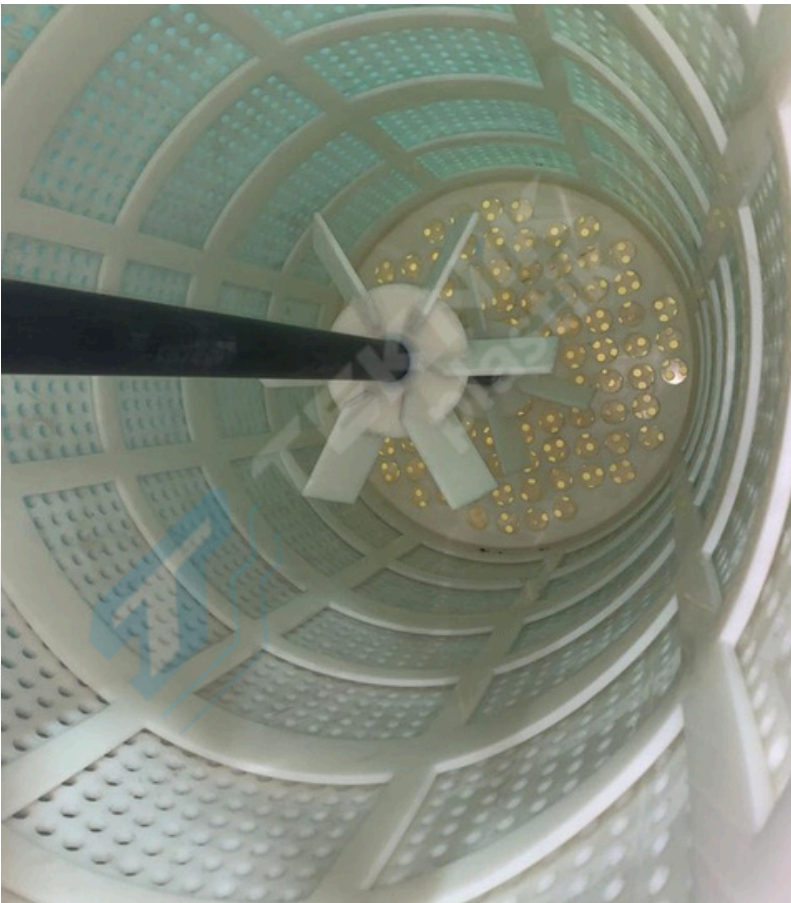


## Agitated Tanks Reactors





## Mixer Blades





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# Prismatic Storage Tanks





## Prismatic Storage Tanks

The manufacturing of prismatic thermoplastic tanks is a process that must be carefully planned and carried out using the correct engineering methods. The design and production of these tanks must incorporate factors such as safety, chemical resistance, and functionality. Here are the manufacturing stages of prismatic thermoplastic tanks:

**Design and Engineering:** Before starting production, the prismatic tank is designed. Details such as the tank's dimensions, volume, shape, inlet/outlet points, and support structure are determined. Engineers perform the appropriate engineering calculations to ensure that the design is functional and safe.

**Material Selection:** A thermoplastic material suitable for storage requirements is selected. Materials such as HDPE, PP, PVC, and PVDF are commonly used. The chemical resistance and temperature tolerance of the material are important factors in the selection process.

**Cutting and Shaping:** Thermoplastic sheets are cut or shaped to the dimensions specified in the design. This process is carried out using specialized cutting equipment, molds, and machines.

**Welding and Joining:** Sheets are joined together using methods such as welding or bonding. Thermoplastic materials are typically joined using welding methods. The welding process is a stage that requires expertise and experience.

**Assembly:** The panels are assembled as required by the design. The basic components of the prismatic tank are brought together at this stage.

**Leak Tests:** Leak tests are performed on the tank. This is important to verify the tank's resistance to spills and leaks.

**Reinforcement and Support:** The tank's reinforcement and support structure is added as required by the design. This is important for ensuring the tank's stability.

**Assembly and Testing Stages:** The manufactured prismatic thermoplastic tank undergoes final assembly stages and is tested when necessary. This is important to ensure that the tank has been produced correctly.

**Delivery and Installation:** The manufactured tank is delivered to the customer and the installation process is carried out in the specified area. Correct assembly and installation of the tank is critical to ensure safe and efficient use.

The manufacturing of prismatic thermoplastic tanks involves a series of careful steps in the design, engineering, and production stages. We carry out these processes with our expert engineers and experienced personnel.



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## Prismatic Storage Tanks





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DN50 Flans

## Corner Bending Method



Müdahale kapağı





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# Industrial Custom Manufacturing





## Industrial Custom Manufacturing

Thermoplastic materials can be used in custom-made products for various applications. These products are designed and manufactured to meet specific industrial requirements or special projects. Here are some examples of custom-made products:

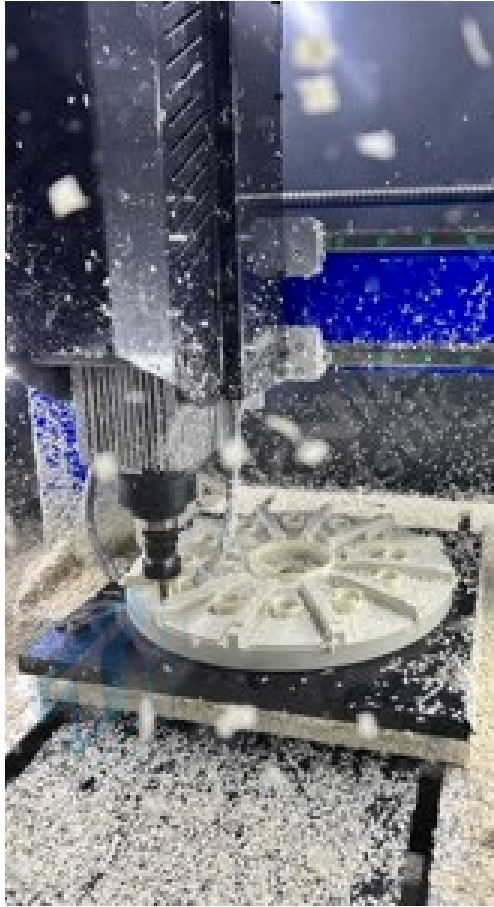
1. Specially Shaped Pipes and Pipe Fittings: Special pipes and pipe fittings required for specific routing or transportation in chemical processes or industrial facilities.
2. Chemical Tanks: Thermoplastic chemical storage tanks designed with chemical resistance, in special sizes or shapes.
3. Custom Containers and Lids: Thermoplastic containers and lids designed for specific applications. For example, safe containers for storing or transporting chemicals.
4. Plastic Molds: Thermoplastic molds designed for the production of special parts.
5. Special Coatings and Coating Materials: Thermoplastic coatings and coating materials designed for special durability, chemical resistance, or insulation requirements.
6. Laboratory Equipment: Thermoplastic laboratory equipment designed for use in chemistry, biology, and other scientific fields, such as reactors, containers, petri dishes, and similar products.
7. Pharmaceutical and Medical Product Packaging: Thermoplastic packaging specially designed for packaging and storing pharmaceuticals, medical devices, and other healthcare products.
8. Water Treatment Equipment: Special thermoplastic equipment designed for water purification and treatment, such as filter housings and membrane bodies.
9. Swimming Pool Equipment: Thermoplastic equipment specially designed for swimming pools, such as water inlets, filters, and drainage systems.
10. Automotive Parts: Special thermoplastic parts used in the automotive industry, such as engine compartment covers, interior trim parts, or seat belt buckles.

These examples demonstrate that thermoplastic materials can be used in a wide variety of industries and applications. Each product is designed and manufactured to meet specific requirements and standards. The design and production of custom-made products require engineering and plastic processing expertise.



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## Industrial Custom Manufacturing





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# Thermoplastic Acid Fans





## Thermoplastic Acid Fans

Thermoplastic acid fans are fans used in chemical industries, laboratories, and other applications for the transportation and processing of aggressive chemicals.

These fans are designed and manufactured to withstand the effects of acids, alkalis, solvents, and other chemicals. Here are some key features of thermoplastic acid fans:

**Durable Material:** Thermoplastic acid fans are made from special thermoplastic materials that are chemically resistant. These materials are typically chemically resistant materials such as polypropylene (PP), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF), or polyethylene (PE).

**Chemical Resistance:** These fans are designed to be resistant to acids, bases, solvents, and other chemicals. Therefore, they can withstand chemical attack for a long time.

**Durable Construction:** Thermoplastic acid fans have a durable construction that resists wear and erosion caused by corrosive chemicals. This makes them long-lasting.

**Custom Design:** Fans are designed to suit the type of chemical and the specific requirements of the application. This is important for optimizing fan performance and ensuring safe operation. **Ventilation and Extraction:** Thermoplastic acid fans are used for extracting, transporting, or expelling gases or vapors. These fans must have the capacity to extract chemical vapors or gases.

**Protective Covers:** Fans are typically equipped with protective covers to prevent chemical liquids from splashing and damaging the interior of the fan.

Thermoplastic acid fans are used in laboratories, chemical production facilities, metal processing plants, and other industrial applications. These fans are important for operational safety and the proper handling of chemicals. In addition, regular maintenance and inspection of the fans is critical to ensure they operate safely and efficiently.



## Thermoplastic Acid Fans





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# Scrubber Manufacturing





## Scrubber

Thermoplastic scrubbers are cleaning devices used to remove pollutants (chemicals in gas or vapor form) or particles from the air. These types of scrubbers are used in various applications such as chemical processing, industrial production, air pollution control, and environmental compliance. Thermoplastic materials are one of the common materials used in the construction of scrubber units.

### **Chemical scrubbers generally operate on two basic types:**

**Wet Scrubbers:** Wet scrubbers capture pollutants in a liquid solution and improve air quality by releasing or recirculating the cleaned air. Thermoplastic materials can be used for the internal components or outer shell of wet scrubbers.

**Dry Scrubbers:** Dry scrubbers capture pollutants using solid surfaces or absorbents. Thermoplastic materials can be used in dry scrubber components to provide chemical resistance.

Thermoplastic scrubbers should be designed to withstand various chemicals and environmental conditions. Scrubber design factors include chemical properties, flow rate, temperature, and pressure. It is also important to ensure compliance with local regulations and industry standards.

Thermoplastic scrubbers are effective tools used in industrial facilities, power plants, chemical processes, and various other applications for environmental protection and air quality control.



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## Scrubber





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- Yorglass Cam Merkezi Sanayi
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- Oksa Kimya Sanayi
- Okur Asfalt Makina ve Ekipmanları
- Onsa Mücevherat İmalatı
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- Öz Demirsan Makina
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- Sütaş Süt Ürünleri A.Ş.
- ŞA-RA Grup
- Şişecam - Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları
- TAF Teknik Arıtma
- TEİ - TUSAŞ Motor Sanayii A.Ş.
- Tekfen İnşaat
- TES Arıtma Teknolojileri
- Tezcan Galvanizli Yapı Elemanları
- Toros Tarımsal Sanayi Grubu
- Toyota Otomotiv Sanayi Türkiye
- Trakya Birlik



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